

ARNEVUT RESOURCES INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Dated: November 15, 2013

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A. Introduction

The following is management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the operations, results and financial position of ARNEVUT Resources Inc. ("ARNEVUT" or the "Company") for the period ended September 30, 2013, which should be read in conjunction with the Company's Audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012. This MD&A was prepared on November 15, 2013.

Unless otherwise noted, amounts are in Unites States dollars.

ARNEVUT Resources Inc. is a development stage junior exploration company engaged in the identification, acquisition, evaluation, exploration and development of mineral properties in the United States. The recoverability of amounts recorded for mineral properties and capital exploration is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable resources, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to develop the properties, and upon attaining future profitable production from the properties or sufficient proceeds from disposition of the properties.

Additional information relating to the Company is available on the Company's website at www.ARNEVUTResources.com.

ARNEVUT Resources Inc. was incorporated on July 7, 2007 under the laws of the state of Colorado in the United States. The Company's mineral properties consist of East Canyon, Island Mountain, and ZIA Claims. The properties are located in the states of Nevada, New Mexico, and Utah in the United States.

During fiscal 2011 and into mid-2012, the Company had limited business activity due to a lack of working capital. The Company was able to obtain substantial funding for operations and exploration activities on its Island Mountain property in the 3rd quarter of 2012. This funding has continued through the first nine months of 2013. This funding has allowed completion of a substantial drilling program and related geological work on Island Mountain and allowed the acquisition of a new precious metals property in Utah. Although world economies have improved since March 2009, the money supply in the capital markets are still very tight and now very selective where investments are being made in the mineral exploration sector.

On April 12, a Special Meeting of the Company's shareholders was held to vote on 1) a 3:1 reverse split of the Company's outstanding common stock and 2) an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation in Colorado to allow majority voting of shareholders without requiring a meeting of all shareholders. Both measures passed with no dissent. The outstanding common shares were reversed from 48,108,101 to 15,618,571 shares.

B. Summary of Mineral Properties

Island Mountain Property

This gold-silver property in Elko County in northeastern Nevada is our most advanced property. The Company currently holds 51% ownership in the property. Drilling (330 drill holes from 1982-2004) has progressed to the point that approximately 27,000 ounces Indicated and 483,000 Inferred historical gold resources (NI 43-101 compliant) are known. However, drilling has not been sufficient to define the lateral or vertical limits of the gold deposits or to confirm mineability of the deposits. Some of the deposits in this property fit the Carlin-type gold deposit model, and comparison with other mines and deposits in the Jerritt Canyon Trend suggest that there should be significant to larger deposits at depth beyond what has been drilled thus far. There also are vein-type gold deposits in a central intrusive and disseminated gold in skarns surrounding the intrusive. Results from 19 holes drilled in 2012 are under review. Thirty additional drill holes are permitted and 13 are being drilled in Fall of 2013. Additional geophysical, geological, and especially drilling work needs to be performed to confirm the quality and extents of the deposits and convert resources into reserves so that the property can be permitted for production. The controlling option agreement requires at least 2.5 more years of work commitments by the Company to get the property to that point.

East Canyon Property

The Company holds 100% interest in an option agreement on 10 unpatented lode claims on the border of Nevada and Utah approx. 45 miles north of Wendover, Utah. ARNEVUT also holds leases on two Utah state sections to the south and north of the lode claims and is in negotiation for leases of privately controlled mineral rights. The claims and state sections are in the Lucin mining district in Elko County, Nevada and Box Elder County, Utah. The Lucin District is a past producer of copper, lead, silver, and zinc with minor gold. This area is part of the Long Canyon Trend of gold deposits and anomalies in northeastern Nevada and northwestern Utah. The unpatented claims cover the largest cluster of surface gold geochemical anomalies in the Lucin District. The southern state section lease covers an area of silver, lead, and zinc geochemical anomalies. Drilling is required to prove the resources based on surface and geophysical anomalies. Geological, geochemical, and geophysical mapping and surveys are planned for 2014 to identify drilling targets for permitting in 2015.

Zia Property

ARNEVUT owns a group of 79 uranium claims in northern New Mexico in the Grants uranium district. Mineralization is known to exist in this property, but drilling is needed to confirm resources identified in past drilling from which the drill records are not available. The property is adjacent to the La Jara Mesa property held by Laramide Resources and for which a mine permit is under review. This property has been optioned to PME Energy Corp. and is subject to earn-in requirements over a period of 4 years. Blair Property

The Company owns 20 claims property and holds a Utah State Section lease for a silver-gold property in southwestern Utah, referred to as the "Blair Property". The property is in the Antelope Range mining district. The property was acquired as part of a Joint Venture ("JV") agreement between the Company and Precious Metals LLC due to Precious Metals LLC bringing the property details to the Company as a package deal. This area saw past production from small mines and had some initial drilling done in the 1990s by a large mineral company, which subsequently abandoned their claims due to low silver and gold prices at the time.

C. Results of Operations

The Company incurred a consolidated net loss for the nine months ending September 30 2013 of \$844,923 compared to \$1,057,236 for the nine months ending September 30, 2012. The decrease in loss in 2013 compared to 2012 is primarily due to reduced exploration expenses of \$408,784 (2012 - \$914,749). The decrease in exploration expense is due to the completion of exploration activity on the Company's mineral projects, principally the Island Mountain Property. Most other costs during the current period are comparable to the previous period's costs with the exception of legal and accounting, which increased significantly in the current period in preparation of the company going public.

Island Mountain Property

The Company is focused on the exploration and development of the Island Mountain Property in Elko County, Nevada as its primary property. Project expenditures under the Second Option of the option agreement with Gateway Gold (USA) Corp. ("Gateway") (now owned by Victoria Gold Corp.) according to Company project records were \$733,208 for the nine-month period between January 16, 2013 and September 30, 2013. Approximately \$200,000 of that is carryover (allowed under the option agreement with Gateway (Victoria Gold Corp.)) from the First Option expenses through January 16, 2013. The work requirement amount for the period January 16, 2013 to January 16, 2014, under the option agreement between the Company and Gateway (Victoria Gold Corp.), is \$1,250,000.

Note that the Financial Statements for the Company for the nine months ending September 30, 2013 show different amounts than the above due to differences in categorization of expenses and other costs for auditing purposes versus Company project tracking purposes. The Company spent a total of 380,730 for the nine months ending September 30, 2013 compared to 873,542 the nine months ending September 30, 2012 for the Island Mountain Property. Geological consulting costs were \$131,009 for the nine months ending September 30, 2013 (2012 - \$788,166) and exploration and surveying costs were \$186,072 (2012 - \$220).

ARNEVUT in 2010 was able to locate and acquire the assay data from some of the older drilling that Gateway had not provided to them. This led to a NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate effective as of March 2012. Following this, ARNEVUT was able to attract sufficient private funds to commence a major drilling program in September 2012. This new funding was secured through a private placement subject to a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with The Precious Minerals and Energy Company Sàrl ("PME") on September 21, 2012 for financing the Company's corporate and project activities. The funding committed for 2012 was US\$1,800,000 in three tranches completed on October 19, 2012.

By mid-November, 2012, 18 reverse circulation holes and one diamond drill hole had been completed for a total of 14,583 feet (4,446 meters) drilled and 2,877 samples of cuttings and core taken for analyses. The data generated in the new drilling program is being collated and analyzed over the winter and spring months and will be used to plan renewed drilling in 2013 and a 2014 program as well. This information is not yet at a stage where it can be integrated into a new resource estimate. A revised NI 43-101 report was completed in early 2013 to describe the project work.

The Company achieved 51% ownership in the Island Mountain Property on January 16, 2013 after completing the required \$2,500,000 minimum expenses on the property under the First Option of the option agreement with Gateway (Victoria Gold Corp.). This completion of a key aspect of the option agreement was confirmed by Victoria Gold Corp. management. The Company also elected to pursue the Second Option under the option agreement, which requires the expenditure of an additional \$2,500,000 on property activities and payments of \$75,000 and 600,000 common shares to Victoria Gold Corp. by January 16, 2015. Completion of the Second Option will result in 65% ownership of the Island Mountain property by the Company.

A real estate property, consisting of 2 acres, a house, and garage, was purchased by the Company on May 15, 2013 in the community of Wild Horse on the south end of the Wild Horse Reservoir. This facility will be used for consultant and staff housing primarily during drilling at Island Mountain. The location within 15 min of Island Mountain allows for quick access by personnel and improved travel safety compared to the 30-40 min travel to Mountain City housing that had been done in 2012on roads that could become hazardous during bad weather. The property was recorded at cost, \$145,000, with a total of \$90,000 financed under annual payments for 5 years at 6% interest.

The Company purchased a used Ford pickup for use on the Island Mountain project primarily and other project needs as they arise. The vehicle was purchased in Lakewood, Colorado, but is stationed in Elko, Nevada during drilling and other field work in that area. Winter storage is in the Denver area.

The 2013 drilling program began on September 30, 2013 with the first core hole of the season. National EWP from Elko, Nevada is the drilling contractor for 2013 as they were for 2012.

Also see Note 6(a) of the 2012 Consolidated Financial Statements for details on the agreement between the Company and Gateway (Victoria Gold Corp.) including a comparison table.

East Canyon Property

On October 20, 2009, the Company obtained an option agreement on 100% of ten lode claims comprising the East Canyon Property in Box Elder County, Utah and Elko County, Nevada. In January 2011, the Company obtained a lease on a Utah State Section to the south of the 10 claims, thereby expanding the property and covering additional metal anomalies. Negotiations are underway with owners of private mineral rights to further expand the property. The property is subject to a 2.5% NSR royalty on base metals and 3% NSR on precious metals. The Company can purchase the property including the NSR for \$4,000,000 in cash or shares of the company prior to production activities commencing. The Company spent a total of \$14,011 for the nine months ending September 30, 2013 compared to \$25,042 for the nine months ending September 30, 2012 on the East Canyon Property. The Company is continuing an exploration program that will include geophysical surveys, soil sampling, additional prospecting and mapping, and an initial drilling program planned in 2015.

Zia Property

The Company spent a total of \$7,224 for the nine months ending September 30, 2013 compared to \$16,165 for the nine months ending September 30, 2012 on the Zia Property.

The Company completed a farm-out option agreement for the Zia Clams uranium project farm-out to PME Energy Co. on January 26, 2013 whereby PME Energy Co. will control 75% of the property upon completion of \$200,000 expenditure over the first four years of the agreement. PME Energy Co. assumes all expenditures related to the ZIA property such as claim fees, required permits for exploration, and a reasonable amount of exploration work starting in 2014. The Company's senior management and geologists will provide technical and managerial services at reasonable consulting rates to PME Energy Co. as needed. The Zia Claims is not a core asset of the Company, but will provide some small income to the Company through this option agreement and ultimately may be advanced by PME Energy Co. to a saleable or production stage property.

Blair Property

The Company acquired a new exploration property in southwestern Utah, referred to as the "Blair Property" in March 2013. A Utah State Section lease was acquired on a key portion of this property and staking of unpatented claims for key portions of the remainder of the property was completed in May 2013. A total of 20 unpatented claims are now controlled by the Company with most major mineralization occurrences being covered by those claims. The property activities and ownership are governed by a JV agreement between the Company and Precious Metals LLC, with the Company holding the senior JV partner position. The Company spent a total of \$10,819 on this acquisition.

D. Summary of Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
	(Unaudited) \$	(Audited) \$
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	1,428,406	198,033
NON-CURRENT		
Exploration and Evaluation Assets	806,375	623,675
Property and Equipment	169,000	-
Reclamation Bond	110,380	110,380
	1,085,755	734,055
	2,514,161	932,088
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT		
Trade and Other Payables	110,875	37,409
Due to Related Parties	395,803	392,273
	506,678	429,682

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share Capital Deficit	6,168,222 (4,160,739)	3,818,222 (3,315,816)
	2,007,483	502,406
	2,514,161	932,088

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

2013 2012 (Unaudited) (Audited) \$ \$ GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES 266,653 30,163 Administration 26,653 30,163 Audit, Accounting and Legal 269,018 74,153 Consulting 90,370 103,657 Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Tayley 19,124 4,935 Pravel 19,124 4,935 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION - - Basic and D	STATEMENTS OF COMPRENENSIVE LOSS	Nine Months Ended September 30,	Year Ended December 31,
S S GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES 26,653 30,163 Andiri, Accounting and Legal 269,018 74,153 Consulting 90,370 103,657 Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 2,420 2,429 Travel 19,124 4,935 Travel 19,124 4,935 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities		2013	2012
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Administration 26,653 30,163 Audit, Accounting and Legal 269,018 74,153 Consulting 90,370 103,657 Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION Basic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Administration 26,653 30,163 Audit, Accounting and Legal 269,018 74,153 Consulting 90,370 103,657 Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Talephone 2,420 2,499 Yavel 19,124 4,935 436,139 235,268 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 1,890,481) 1,890,481) Basic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding 10,205 (0.200)		\$	\$
Audit, Accounting and Legal 269,018 74,153 Consulting 90,370 103,657 Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 8asic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Consulting 90,370 103,657 Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION (844,923) (1,890,481) Post-share consolidation - - Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding (0.05) (0.20)	Administration	26,653	30,163
Dues and Subscriptions 4,760 1,036 Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 8asic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -	Audit, Accounting and Legal	269,018	74,153
Meals and Entertainment 3,786 1,280 Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 8asic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -		90,370	103,657
Office and Miscellaneous Expense 6,758 5,445 Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION Basic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -		4,760	1,036
Rent 13,250 12,100 Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 19,124 4,935 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 8asic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -	Meals and Entertainment		
Telephone 2,420 2,499 Travel 19,124 4,935 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 8asic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - (0.05) (0.20)	Office and Miscellaneous Expense	6,758	5,445
Travel 19,124 4,935 436,139 235,268 EXPLORATION COSTS 408,784 1,654,913 LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM (844,923) (1,890,181) Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities - (300) NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION 8asic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - - -		13,250	
436,139235,268EXPLORATION COSTS408,7841,654,913LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM(844,923)(1,890,181)Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities-(300)NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)Other Comprehensive IncomeCOMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION8asic and Diluted Loss per Share(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common SharesOutstanding		2,420	2,499
EXPLORATION COSTS408,7841,654,913LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM(844,923)(1,890,181)Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities-(300)NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)Other Comprehensive IncomeCOMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION(844,923)(1,890,481)Basic and Diluted Loss per Share(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	Travel	19,124	4,935
LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM(844,923)(1,890,181)Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities-(300)NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)Other Comprehensive IncomeCOMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION(844,923)(0.05)Basic and Diluted Loss per Share(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common SharesOutstanding		436,139	235,268
Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities-(300)NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)Other Comprehensive IncomeCOMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION(844,923)(1,890,481)Basic and Diluted Loss per Share(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	EXPLORATION COSTS	408,784	1,654,913
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)Other Comprehensive IncomeCOMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common SharesOutstanding	LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEM	(844,923)	(1,890,181)
Other Comprehensive Income - - COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (844,923) (1,890,481) POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION (0.05) (0.20) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities		(300)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD(844,923)(1,890,481)POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION(0.05)(0.20)Basic and Diluted Loss per Share(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common SharesOutstanding	NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(844,923)	(1,890,481)
POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION Basic and Diluted Loss per Share (0.05) Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	Other Comprehensive Income	-	
Basic and Diluted Loss per Share(0.05)(0.20)Weighted Average Number of Common SharesOutstanding	COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(844,923)	(1,890,481)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	POST-SHARE CONSOLIDATION		
	Basic and Diluted Loss per Share	(0.05)	(0.20)
	Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding		
	с. с	16,592,415	9,415,627

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	Nine Months Ended	Year Ended
	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	\$	\$
CASH PROVIDED FROM (UTILIZED FOR):		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Loss for the Period	(844,923)	(1,890,481)
Non-Cash Item Unrealized Loss on Marketable Securities		300
	(844,923)	(1,890,181)
Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Accounts Trade and Other Payables Due to Related Parties	73,466 3,530	(40,258) 72,396
	(767,927)	(1,858,043)
FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Shares Issued for Cash	2,200,000	2,235,717
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Property and Equipment	(169,000)	-
Reclamation Bond Resource Property Expenditures	(32,700)	(69,300) (110,900)
	(201,700)	(180,200)
INCREASE IN CASH	1,230,373	197,474
Cash, Beginning of the Period	198,033	559
CASH, END OF THE PERIOD	1,428,406	198,033

E. Financial Conditions, Liquidity & Capital Resources

	September, 30, 2013	December, 31, 2012
Cash Working Capital (Deficiency)	\$ 1,428,406 921,728	\$ 198,033 (231,649)

Working capital was achieved in the current period due to private placements of common share financings completed during the current period and exercise of warrants increasing the Company's cash position. The Company currently has adequate working capital but may require cash to fund ongoing general and administrative costs. It is likely that future operations will be financed through the issuance of common shares from private placements.

As of September 30, 2013 the Company had \$1,428,406 in cash compared to \$198,033 on December 31, 2012. The increase in cash position during the current period is from financings completed during the period and from cash received from the exercise of warrants.

Net cash used in operating activities for the period ended September 30, 2013 was \$767,927compared to \$1,858,043 for the year ended December 31, 2012. The cash used in operating activities for the current year consists primarily of operating loss and a change in non-cash working capital.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the period ended September 30, 2013 was \$2,200,000 compared to \$2,235,717 provided during the year ended December 31, 2012. The cash provided by financing activities for the current year was primarily raised by private placements and the exercise of warrants.

Net cash used by investing activities for the period ended September 30, 2013 was \$201,700 compared to \$180,200 used during the year ended December 31, 2012. Net cash used during the current period consists primarily of expenditures on mineral properties.

As is typical for a company at this stage of development, the auditors have issued a going concern opinion. This means that there is substantial doubt that the Company can continue as an ongoing business for the next twelve months unless additional capital is obtained to provide for ongoing working capital requirements. The Company remains dependent upon its ability to obtain outside financing through the issuance of additional shares of its common stock until it can achieve sustained profitability through profitable mining operations, or the receipt of proceeds from the disposition of its mineral property interests. The Company's business now focuses on, and is expected to continue to focus on, acquiring, exploring and evaluating mineral properties, and either joint venturing, developing these properties further, or disposing of them when the evaluation is completed.

F. Related Party Information

The Company entered into consulting agreements with key management in 2010. These agreements provide for payment of management and consulting fees and expenses depending on the cash position of the Company and on a month-to-month basis. The agreements also provide for buyout in the case of unilateral cancellation of the contract by the Company or buyouts for other entities ("poison pill provisions"). Payment for contract cancellation may be in cash or shares of the Company (the surviving entity).

The Company also has consulting agreements with consultants used on a needs basis that include provisions for confidentiality, non-compete and payment of fees and expenses. These agreements generally do not extend to surviving companies in the case of the Company non-continuing of operation but do maintain a minimum of a two-year period for confidentiality and non-compete.

G. Subsequent Events and Outlook

Drilling for 2013 Season at Island Mountain

A water well, for supply of drilling water to the core and RC rigs, was completed on October 7, 2013. Supplemental drilling water is being obtained by the drilling company from a nearby ranch. Drilling of five core holes was completed on November 2, 2013 at a cost of \$408,441. Eight RC holes will be completed by mid-November. It is expected that samples from a number of these drill holes will return gold mineralization that will increase total known resources because these holes are located to serve as infill between known clusters of gold resources. Some drill holes may have low to no gold content because some holes are intended to provide edge definition on known clusters of gold resources.

H. Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The internal control systems for accounting and corporate governance have not changed significantly since the twelve-month period ending December 31, 2012. The Board of Directors reviews the interim and annual financial statements and, when appropriate, a Management Discussion and Analysis. The Audit Committee consists of two independent directors (Henry Neugebauer and William Boberg) and a Company management representative (William R. Wilson, CFO) as Chairman. Audit committee meetings generally are held by telephone conference call to review and discuss the interim and annual financial statements and, when required, the Management Discussion and Analysis prior to recommendation for approval being made to the Board of Directors regarding these statements.

The Company does not have a Board of Directors corporate governance committee. The Company uses best practices developed by Management over a long period of time working in publically traded mining companies in the United States and Canada. This experience and the day-to-day operations within the Company and in other positions provide up-to-date systems that monitor funds sources and uses, Company procedures and environmental compliance.

I. Risk and Uncertainties

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is subject to concentration of credit risk through cash and cash equivalents. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with major institutions.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the cash maintained at the financial institutions is subject to a floating rate of interest.

The interest rate risks on cash and on the Company's obligations are not considered significant. The Company's other financial assets and liabilities do not comprise any interest rate risk since they do not bear interest.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. All of the Company's financial liabilities are classified as current and are anticipated to mature within the next fiscal period. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due.

Fair Value

The recorded value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, except for amounts due to related parties, approximate their fair values due to their demand nature and their short term maturity.

Capital Risk Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through a suitable debt and equity balance appropriate for an entity of the Company's size and status. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity attributable to common shareholders, comprised of issued capital and deficit.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the determination of environment obligations and impairment of mineral properties and deferred cost. Actual results may differ from these estimates. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant.

Risk and Uncertainties

The Company's Operations and results are subject to a number of different risks at any given time. These factors include but are not limited to disclosure regarding exploration, additional financing, project delay, titles to properties, price fluctuations and share price volatility, operating hazards, insurable risk and limitations of insurance, management, foreign country and regulatory requirements, currency fluctuations and environmental regulation risk.

- (a) The state of the capital markets, which will affect the ability of the Company to finance further mineral property acquisitions and expand its contemplated exploration programs;
- (b) The prevailing market prices for base metals and precious metals;
- (c) the consolidation and potential abandonment of the Company's property as exploration results provide further information relating to the underlying value of the property;
- (d) The ability of the Company to identify and successfully acquire additional mineral properties in which the Company may acquire an interest whether by option, joint venture or otherwise, in addition to or as an alternative to the property.

Nature of Mineral Exploration and Mining

There is no known economic recoverable mineral resource upon any of the Principal Properties. Development of any of the Principal Properties will follow only upon obtaining satisfactory exploration results. Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and of those properties which are explored, few are developed into producing mines. The Company provides no assurance that its mineral exploration and development activities will result in any discoveries of bodies of commercial ore. The long-term profitability of the Company's operations will be in part directly related to the cost and success of its exploration programs, which may be affected by a number of factors out of the Company's control.

Mineral Deposits and Productions Costs; Metal Prices

Many factors affect the economics of developing mineral deposits, including variations in ore grade, cost of operations, and price fluctuations in of products sold. Metal prices influence heavily the value of the Principal Properties. Metal prices can and do change by substantial amounts over short periods of time, and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control, including changes in supply and demand, international economic and political trends, inflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates and global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities, and increased production arising from improved mining and production methods and new discoveries. The Company provides no assurance that the prices of mineral products will be sufficient to ensure that any of the Principal Properties can be mined profitably.

Depending on the price received for minerals produced, the Company may determine that it is impractical to commence or continue commercial production. The grade of any ore ultimately mined from a mineral deposit may differ from that predicted by drilling results.

Exploration and Development Risks

The only sources of future funds for further exploration programs which are presently available to the Company are the sale of equity capital, or the offering by the Company of an interest in its properties to be earned by another party carrying out further exploration. There is no assurance that such sources of financing will be available on acceptable terms, if at all. In the event that commercial quantities of minerals are found on the Company's properties, the Company does not have the financial resources at this time to bring a mine into production.

All of the Company's properties are in the exploration stage only and none of the properties contain a known body of commercial ore. The Company currently operates at a loss and does not generate any revenue from its mineral properties. The exploration and development of mineral deposits involve significant financial risks over a significant period of time, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. Few properties which are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Major expenditures may be required to establish reserves by drilling and to construct mining and processing facilities at a site. It is impossible to ensure that the Company's exploration programs will result in a profitable commercial mining operation.

Additional Financing

The Company has limited financial resources and provides no assurance that it will obtain additional funding for further exploration and development of its projects or to fulfill its obligations under applicable agreements. The Company provides no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the Company's Properties with the possible dilution or loss of such interests. Further, revenues, financings and profits, if any, will depend upon various factors, including the success, if any, of exploration programs and general market conditions for natural resources. The Company provides no assurance that it can operate profitably or that it will successfully implement its plans for its further exploration and development of its Properties.

Permits and Licenses

The Company will require licenses and permits from various governmental and non-governmental authorities for its operations. The Company has obtained, or plans to obtain all necessary licenses and permits required carrying on the activities it is currently conducting or which it proposes to conduct under applicable laws and regulations. However, such licenses and permits are subject to change in regulations and in various operating circumstances. The Company provides no assurance that it will obtain all necessary licenses and permits required to carry out exploration, development and mining operations.

Political Regulatory Risks

Any changes in government policy may result in changes to laws affecting ownership of assets, mining policies, monetary policies, taxation, rates of exchange, environmental regulations, labor relations, repatriation of income and return of capital. This may affect both the Company's ability to undertake exploration and development activities in respect of the Principal Properties in the manner currently contemplated, as well as its ability to continue to explore, develop and operate the Principal Properties. The possibility that future governments may adopt substantially different policies, which might extend to expropriation of assets, cannot be ruled out.

Currency Risk

Currency fluctuations may affect the cash flow which the Company may realize from its operations, since most mineral commodities are sold in a world market in United States dollars. The Company's costs are incurred primarily in United States dollars with some fund financing completed in Canadian dollars.

Dependence on Key Individuals

The Company is dependent on a relatively small number of key personnel, the loss of any one of whom could have an adverse effect on the Company. In addition, the Company will be highly dependent upon contractors and third parties in the performance of its exploration and development activities. The Company provides no guarantee that such contractors and third parties will be available to carry out such activities on behalf of the Company or be available upon commercially acceptable terms.

Competitive Factors in the Precious and Base Metals Markets

Most mineral resources including precious and base metals are essentially commodities markets in which we would expect to be a small producer with an insignificant impact upon world production. As a result, production, if any, would be readily sold and would likely have no impact on world market prices. In recent months due to the significant downturn in the world economies has driven the commodities prices much lower which has made raising capital more difficult more competitive than some past years.

Overall the upward trend in the price of gold in the last three years has ranged between US\$1,000 and \$1,880 an ounce, with the average price having been approximately US\$1,300 thus far in 2013. The gold price strength has not been consistent, with a very volatile and weak equity market particularly for junior exploration companies. The Company successfully acquired a strong financial partner with PME. Their continued support tends to strengthen the Company's ability to raise equity through other financial sources and to continue exploration on the Company's properties in 2013 and 2014.

J. Changes in Accounting Policies Including Adoptions

Accounting Policies

The accounting policies and methods employed by the Company determine how it reports its financial condition and results of operations, and may require management to make judgments or rely on assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company's results of operations are reported using policies and methods in accordance with IFRS. In preparing financial statements in accordance with IFRS, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses for the period. Management reviews its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using the most current information available.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new accounting standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations are issued but not yet effective up the date of issuance of the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following standards when they become effective. These standards are required to be applied for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with earlier adoption permitted (see Note 4 of the 2012 audited financial statements). The Company has not yet determined the impact of these standards on its consolidated financial statements.

K. Proposed Transactions

There are no new acquisitions or proposed transactions contemplated as of the date of this report.

L. Forward Looking Statements

Some of the statements contained in this report are forward-looking statements, such as estimates and statements that describe the Company's future plans, expectations, objectives or goals, including words to the effect that the Company or management expects a stated condition or result to occur. Forward-looking statements may be identified by such terms as "believes," "anticipates," "intends," "expects," "estimates," "may," "could," "will," or "plan." Since forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and address future events or conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results relating to, among other things, results of exploration, reclamation, capital cost, and the Company's financial condition and prospects could differ materially from those currently anticipated in such statements. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ from these forward-looking statements include those described under the heading "Other Risks" elsewhere in this MD&A. Therefore, the reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Further, the Company disclaims any obligation or intention to update or to revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise except as may be required under applicable securities legislation. The information contained within this discussion, by its very nature, is not a thorough summary of all matters and developments concerning the Company. This information should be considered with all of the disclosure documents of the Company.

The information contained herein is not a substitute for a detailed investigation or an analysis of any issue related to the Company. No securities commission or regulatory authority has reviewed the accuracy or adequacy of the information presented.